

A HISTORY OF INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS AT WASHINGTON
HIGH SCHOOL, GERMANTOWN, WISCONSIN

A Seminar Report
Presented to
The School of Graduate Studies
Wisconsin State University at La Crosse

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment
of the Requirements for the Degree
Master of Science in Physical Education

by
Charles M. Hudson
August 1969

W
69
H

WISCONSIN STATE UNIVERSITY - LA CROSSE

GRADUATE COLLEGE

Candidate: Charles M. Hudson

I recommend acceptance of this seminar paper to the Graduate School in partial fulfillment of this candidate's requirements for the degree Master of Science. The candidate has completed his oral seminar report.

July 29, 1969
Date

Robert J. Burt
Seminar Paper Advisor

This seminar paper is approved for the Graduate College:

July 29, 1969
Date

James H. Erickson
Dean, Graduate College

A HISTORY OF INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS AT WASHINGTON
HIGH SCHOOL, GERMANTOWN, WISCONSIN

by

Charles M. Hudson

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to convey to the reader the development of interscholastic athletics at Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin from its beginning in 1957 through the 1967-68 athletic season. The most notable reasons for this study are to provide some insight to immediate and long range status of interscholastic athletics in the community and to provide tangible evidence of the various accomplishments of the athletes, teams and coaches.

The historical narrative is divided into three time periods. The first segment includes all independent interscholastic athletics from the fall of 1957 to the spring of 1968. The second era spans from the first organized conference competition in 1958 to the spring of 1964. The final period is from the fall of 1964 through the summer of 1968. The related areas of research are developed after the three time periods.

A chronological and topical approach is used in this study with pertinent incidents brought in whenever they were appropriate.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER	PAGE
I. INTRODUCTION	1
Statement of the Problem	1
Purpose of the Study	1
Need for the Study	2
Delimitations	2
Limitations	2
Definition of Terms	3
Procedure	4
II. THE INDEPENDENT ERA	7
III. WASHINGTON UNION HIGH SCHOOL IN THE SCENIC MORaine CONFERENCE	13
IV. WASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL IN THE SCENIC MORaine CONFERENCE	25
Summary of Sports Highlights	34
V. RELATED AREAS OF RESEARCH	37
Outdoor Facilities	37
Indoor Facilities	41
Equipment	46
The Coaches	50
The Athletes	54
Administration of the Athletic Program	57
Areas Related to Athletics	59

	PAGE
Recommendations	67
SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	70
APPENDIX A--INTERVIEW INSTRUMENT	72
APPENDIX B--SOURCES OF INFORMATION	75
APPENDIX C--ATHLETIC RECORDS	76
APPENDIX D--TRACK RECORDS	78
APPENDIX E--ALL CONFERENCE SELECTIONS	79
APPENDIX F--ATHLETIC COACHES	81

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Washington Union High School was completed in the fall of 1957. At this point the interscholastic athletic program had its birth. The athletic program has gone through many changes from independent competition with four sports, to conference competition in seven sports. The athletic program has also been subject to change in structure of the district from a union high school to a non-union high school. The problems have been many as have the changes and trends in athletics. As a result of these problems, changes and trends, an evaluation of the growth of the program becomes necessary.

Statement of the Problem

A historical investigation to show the development of interscholastic athletics at Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin.

Purpose of the Study

The purpose of this paper is to bring up to date the records of all interscholastic sports in which Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin has participated.

A historical investigation will present some historical background of each sport and provide some knowledge

of the coaches of each particular sport.

Need for the Study

To provide some insight to possible improvements or changes in the athletic program.

To provide tangible evidence to the administration, coaches, faculty, students, and parents of the school district of the interscholastic athletic accomplishments at Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin.

Delimitations

This narrative investigation will pertain only to the activities related to interscholastic athletics in the Germantown School System from the opening of the first high school to the present new high school.

It is limited to only people associated with athletics at Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin.

Limitations

This historical investigation is only related to athletics at Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin, and will not affect any other area or school.

Some of the athletic records were incomplete, inaccurate, and some did not exist at all.

In some of the interviews the person could not remember specific events or dates.

It is possible that in the personal interviews that bias information may have been given.

Definition of Terms

Warhawks - This refers to the school's nickname of Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin.

Independent Competition - This refers to the competition before being a member of an established conference.

Scenic Moraine Conference - This refers to the athletic conference which Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin competes.

Washington Union High School - This refers to the high school before the district became a K-12 system.

Washington High School - This refers to the high school under the present K-12 system.

WIAA - This refers to the Wisconsin Interscholastic Athletic Association which governs the state of Wisconsin high school athletics.

The Wash Line - This refers to the student newspaper from 1957 to 1958.

Campus Echo - This refers to the student newspaper from 1958-1962.

Hawk Tawk - This refers to the student newspaper from 1962 to 1968.

Procedures

The first thing that had to be done was the selection of a problem that served a purpose, was of a need and interest to the researcher. The researcher had come in contact with many ideas and trends, plus various published and unpublished materials through teaching, coaching, and graduate school experiences. These various contacts were all considered by the researcher for a paper topic.

The researcher felt that the kind of problem decided upon would help to determine the type of paper that would be written. The problem, the type of paper, and the method to be used were selected. The problem deals with the interscholastic athletic program of Washington High School, Germantown, Wisconsin, from the fall of 1957 through the summer of 1968. The type of paper chosen was a seminar paper. The method selected was a historical narrative. The approval of this paper, topic and form was obtained during the summer of 1968 at La Crosse State University, La Crosse, Wisconsin by Dr. Robert Batchelder, Seminar Advisor.

Once the problem was approved the researcher reviewed the history of Washington High School and discovered that there were three major periods of interscholastic athletics. The first period, from the fall of 1957 to the spring of 1968, dealt with athletic competition on an

independent basis. During the second period of athletic competition Washington Union High School participated in the Scenic Moraine Conference from the winter of 1958 to the spring of 1964. The final period was from the fall of 1964 through the summer of 1968. During this period the school was no longer a union high school due to district realignment. Even though, the school remained a member of the Scenic Moraine Conference. During all three time periods the high school remained a member of the Wisconsin Interscholastic Athletic Association.

In tracing the development, growth, and possible changes within the interscholastic athletic program, the researcher was interested in all sports in which the high school competed as well as various related areas.

The sports included in the interscholastic athletic program consisted of football, cross country, basketball, wrestling, volleyball, track, golf, and baseball.

The areas related to athletics that were chosen for investigation were: (1) facilities, (2) equipment, (3) coaches, (4) athletes, (5) administration of the athletic program and (6) activities related to the athletic program.

The researcher developed an interview instrument (Appendix A) and a list of possible people to interview during the school year (Appendix B). The interview instrument was developed through the use of various unpublished

seminar papers as a point of reference. The interview instrument was also developed to take into consideration the six areas related to athletics as well as the eight sports to be historically traced. The researcher also obtained permission from the Letterman's Club to use their tape recorder for all personal interviews related to athletics.

Data for the paper was obtained from various sources. Permission was obtained from The Menomonee Falls News to review the sports section of the newspapers from 1957 to 1968. The researcher obtained the available school newspapers on file from 1957 to 1968 and all the school annuals from 1958 to 1968. The Board of Education annual meeting minutes and a copy of the Scenic Moraine Conference rules governing athletics were available through the administration. Finally, permission was obtained from Mr. James Justesen, the athletic director, to use all records and files pertaining to the athletic program.

CHAPTER II

THE INDEPENDENT ERA

Washington Union High School opened its doors to the public for education in September of 1957. Enrollment at the new school was 165 students. There were 61 freshmen, 72 sophomores and 32 juniors.¹ The beginning of interscholastic athletics began at this time.

The Warhawks became a member of the Wisconsin Interscholastic Athletic Association. However, they did not belong to a conference and competed athletically on an independent basis.²

The Warhawks first athletic competition on the interscholastic level was a football game against Waukesha High School on September 27, 1957.³ The Warhawks were defeated 12-7. They managed to score only once more all season. This was against the Waukesha Junior Varsity team.

The two worst defeats of the Warhawk's interscholastic football record came this first season. Kohler defeated Washington 59-0. This was followed by a 60-0 beating by

¹News article in The Menomonee Falls News, August 29, 1957.

²Ibid.

³News article in The Wash Line, October 4, 1957, p. 3.

Oostburg.⁴ This first venture into football, under the direction of Jim Justesen, ended with a winless season.

The 1957-58 basketball season, coached by Jim Justesen, provided the Warhawks with a fifteen game independent schedule. There were two victories during the season. Oak Creek was defeated early in the season 31-30 and later 52-40. This second win, led by Dick Strack, was the biggest offensive output of the entire season.

Held scoreless for the first two minutes of the game the Warhawks exploded behind Dick Strack and defeated Oak Creek 52-40. Strack led all scorers with seventeen points on seven field goals and three free throws.⁵

In WIAA district play the Warhawks were defeated in the first game. They finished their season with two wins and fifteen losses.

During this first year at Washington Union High School organized volleyball appeared. The first volleyball team, under Jim Justesen, placed third behind Slinger and Johnson Creek in a home hosted WIAA tournament.⁶ The Warhawks came up with a 4 win, 5 loss record to edge out Hustiford by one game.

⁴Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1958), p. 32.

⁵News article in The Menomonee Falls News, January 31, 1958.

⁶News article in The Menomonee Falls News, April 3, 1958.

The 1958 baseball season opened with a seven game schedule. Under the leadership of Jim Justesen the Warhawks finished with the best athletic record that year. They compiled a 3 win, 5 loss record.⁷ Although the Warhawks won three baseball games, the highlight of the season was their first victory.

Washington won their first game by defeating Oak Creek 11-4. Allen Hoye, Bob Suchocki, and Ron Weibe led the batting with two hits a piece and accounted for six of the eleven runs.⁸

Throughout all the sports seasons the Warhawks were plagued with the same problem--finding suitable opponents. This was extremely difficult because Washington was only a three year school.

In February of 1958 Washington Union High School joined the newly formed Scenic Moraine Conference. This newly formed conference competed in football, basketball, volleyball, track and baseball. As the Warhawk athletic program expanded some athletic teams competed on an independent basis until it was included in the conference schedule.

The 1958 football season was hampered by many of the things which produced a winless season the previous year. This years squad was again young and inexperienced. It had

⁷News article in The Menomonee Falls News, June 5, 1958.

⁸News article in The Menomonee Falls News, May 8, 1958.

only one senior on the squad.⁹ Nevertheless, the Warhawks had two victories this season. They beat Grafton 19-6 and Random Lake 20-19.¹⁰ Possibly more games could have been won if injuries to three key players had not occurred. Eddie Carroll, Mike Williams, and Frank Ecker were injured early in the season and did not return to the team.¹¹ Furthermore, eight of the school's biggest players were ineligible for academic reasons.

Cross country was established in the athletic program under the coaching of Bill Pohland in 1961. It enabled a boy to participate in another fall sport besides football. Cross country from 1961-1965 produced no outstanding teams or individuals. Cross country remained a non-conference sport until 1966.

Wrestling was established as a winter sport in the 1962-63 season with Harold Goetz as head coach. Wrestling offered an opportunity for boys to compete in a winter sport besides basketball. Also the dropping of volleyball helped to influence the start of wrestling. The team did not win a match until 1964.

⁹News article in The Menomonee Falls News, September 4, 1958.

¹⁰Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1959), p. 42.

¹¹Ibid.

The Warhawk matmen defeated Hartland 30-26 for their first victory in three years of competition.¹²

In 1965 Ron Erickson took charge of the wrestling team. The team finished the season by winning 9 and losing 7 in dual competition. Dennis Backus and Tom Roskopf were defeated in sectional matches. The 1966-67 season saw wrestling become a conference sport.

Golf was added to the list of athletics in 1963. It was headed by Joseph Harlow. It originally started as a club and remained so until 1966 when golf became a conference sport.

Due to weather and rescheduling problems the conference voted to start playing conference baseball during the summer of 1966. During the spring of 1966 the Warhawks played a nonconference spring schedule. In spring play the baseball team defeated Ozaukee 21-2 in its first WIAA tournament game. The Warhawks proceeded to become district champions by defeating Milwaukee Custer in a play off game and advanced to the sectionals. In the last of the ninth the Warhawks lost to Fond du Lac which stopped their bid for state honors.¹³

Spring baseball was dropped after this spring because

¹²News article in The Menomonee Falls News, December 3, 1964.

¹³Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1967), p. 90.

of the tension and conflict that resulted with track. During this season the athletes were allowed by the WIAA to take part in both track and baseball. The scheduled meets and games each week determined when and how many times a boy practiced with each team. Many meets and games were scheduled at the same time. An athlete participating in both sports found it impossible to be in two places at once. An athlete was suppose to be able to make his own choice with which team to compete if a conflict arose. This was unfair to the athlete because he was subjected to pressure from his various teammates and the coaches.

The 1967 spring season saw girls competing on a limited interscholastic basis in softball. The first season, under the leadership of Linda Nelson, saw sixty-three girls try out for nineteen positions.¹⁴ The team finished the season with two wins and two defeats. The 1968 girls softball season ended with one victory and three defeats.

Basketball took a new shape in the 1966-67 season. This marked the schools first year of girls competition under the coaching of Linda Nelson. The girls first interscholastic season ended without a victory.¹⁵ This record was repeated the following season.

¹⁴News article in the Hawk Tawk, June 7, 1967, p. 4.

¹⁵News article in the Hawk Tawk, December 20, 1967, p. 4.

CHAPTER III

WASHINGTON UNION HIGH SCHOOL IN THE SCENIC MORAINÉ CONFERENCE

The Scenic Moraine Conference was formed on February 21, 1958 as an outgrowth of meetings held by athletic directors and administrators.¹⁶ The Washington Union Warhawks, as a member of the newly formed conference, embarked on another athletic era.

Six schools formed the original conference that would start with the basketball season of 1958-59. Football was to be included in the fall of 1959. The schools involved in the conference formation included Kewaskum, Washington Union (Germantown), Horace Mann (North Fond du Lac), Campbellsport, Slinger, and Grafton.¹⁷

There were many reasons for joining the conference. Washington Union, being a new school, desired to compete with schools of comparable size in eleven man football, basketball, track and baseball. It was felt that the schools in the six original team conference were about the same in size and had similar problems.¹⁸ The Warhawks were

¹⁶News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 6, 1958.

¹⁷Ibid.

¹⁸News article in the Campus Echo, May 16, 1958, p. 1.

second in school enrollment with 247 students. It was also believed that the athletic program would be strengthened by joining the conference.

The conference name was selected by the students from all schools. The choice was narrowed to six, with Scenic Moraine winning the contest.¹⁹

The 1958-59 basketball season marked the start of conference play in the newly formed Scenic Moraine Conference. The Warhawks, under the coaching of Jim Justesen, compiled a 5 win, 13 loss basketball record their first season. The season, although not impressive, did produce two outstanding athletes in Dick Strack and Sam Schwartz.

Led by Dick Strack the Warhawks defeated Oak Creek 61-47. Strack with 36 points was high throughout the state. Making 16 of 17 free throws, Strack also hit 55 per cent from the floor.²⁰

Both Strack and Schwartz received all conference honors. Dick Strack, the second highest scorer in the conference, was placed on the first team. Sam Schwartz, who was tenth in conference scoring, made second team honors.²¹

The 1959 volleyball team under Jim Justesen had an excellent season finishing second to Grafton with a 10 win,

¹⁹Ibid.

²⁰News article in The Menomonee Falls News, November 27, 1958.

²¹Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1959), p. 44.

2 loss record in conference and a 19 win, 8 loss record for the entire season. Since only four out of six schools participated (Grafton, Slinger, Kewaskum and Germantown) no all conference teams were ever selected.

The 1959 baseball team finished the season with 5 wins and 4 losses, placing third in conference standing. Jim Justesen's Warhawks won the WIAA district playoffs behind the pitching of Eddie Carrol.

The Warhawks defeated the Braveland conference co-champs Cedarburg 5-4 and Menomonee Falls 4-2. Both wins went to Eddie Carrol. Washington, the winners of the district, were defeated 3-0 by Milwaukee Pulaski who continued on to the state meet.²²

No all conference teams were selected in baseball because Campbellsport did not participate and there were no athletic directors or coaches meetings that late in the year.

The 1959 track season produced an outstanding track team for the Warhawks. Washington took the first Scenic Moraine conference track title. Coach Bill Pohland's team scored four firsts with Frank Ecker winning both the high and low hurdles, Jim Barnekow winning the shot put, and Jim Skomski, Fritz Gierach, Bob Suchocki, and John Gierach winning the medley relay.²³ The Warhawks scored 70½ points to produce the first championship in the school's athletic

²²News article in The Menomonee Falls News, May 28, 1959.

²³Ibid.

history.

Pewaukee and Random Lake joined the Scenic Moraine Conference in the 1959-60 sports season.

The 1959 football season found the Warhawks improving over last season. The schools biggest output in its football history occurred when Washington's eighteen returning lettermen helped to defeat Cedar Grove 58-0 in a non-conference game early in the season.²⁴ The Warhawks finished the season with 3 wins and 2 losses, placing second in conference standing.

The 1959-60 basketball season closed with a conference record of 9 wins and 3 defeats, placing the Warhawks in second place standing. The Warhawks were led all season and in tournament play by senior, Dick Strack.

Germantown defeated Homestead 59-53 and Grafton 77-70 to win their WIAA sub-district tournament. Dick Strack led all scorers with fifty points.²⁵

The Warhawks were defeated in regional play by East Troy. They finished the basketball season with an overall record of 15 victories and 7 defeats.

Dick Strack received all conference first team honors. Strack set an individual scoring record of 37 points and a season school and conference record of 282 points.²⁶

²⁴Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1960), p. 40.

²⁵News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 3, 1960.

²⁶News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 24, 1960.

The 1960 volleyball team, under their new coach Bob Koerner, won the conference title in a tournament at Grafton. This tournament also counted as the regional playoff. This permitted the Warhawks with 10 victories and no defeats to travel to Waukesha for the sectional tournament. Unfortunately, the Warhawks were defeated in the first round.²⁷

The 1960 baseball team under a new head coach, Davis Hohn, did not win a conference game all season. One conference game with Slinger and another with North Fond du Lac were cancelled due to rain and were never rescheduled. The team finished with an overall record of 3 wins and 7 losses.

The 1960 track team repeated its performance as conference champions. The Warhawks scored five first places and compiled a total of 83 points at the conference meet at Port Washington. In the meet first place was won by Dennis Dhein in the discus, Jim Barnekow in the shot put, Armund Janto in the 440, and the medley relay team of Jim Skomski, Jerry Goetz, Dick Tess, and Gary Pritchard.²⁸ At the Hartford Class C Track Sectional the Warhawks qualified two boys for the state meet. Gary Stinson qualified in the pole vault and Jim Barnekow qualified in the shot put.

²⁷News article in the Campus Echo, April 1960, p. 6.

²⁸News article in The Menomonee Falls News, October 27, 1960.

Jim Barnekow placed fourth in the state meet.

The 1960 football team put Germantown at the league cellar where it remained for the next four years. Under the new head coach Paul Doering, the Warhawks compiled a season record of 2 wins and 5 losses. Jerry Olson and Randy Flemming were named to the first and second all conference Scenic Moraine teams respectfully.

The 1960-61 basketball season was one of rebuilding due to the loss of ten seniors and especially Dick Strack. The team finished the season with 5 victories and 9 defeats in conference play and an overall record of 6 wins and 14 losses. The season did produce some exciting moments.

The Warhawks were defeated 66-65 in overtime by North Fond du Lac. The game was tied 61-61 at the end of regulation play. Jerry Olson in the overtime period scored as the buzzer went off, but it was ruled too late. George Knepel, senior forward, scored 35 points for the losers.²⁹

George Knepel led the Warhawks all season with a season average of 18.1, and was selected to the Scenic Moraine first team in basketball.³⁰

The 1961 volleyball season was the last year this sport was participated in as a conference sport. It was dropped after the season due to a lack of interest. The

²⁹News article in The Menomonee Falls News, January 12, 1961.

³⁰News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 2, 1961.

Warhawks finished fourth with a 4 win, 6 loss record behind Grafton, Kewaskum, and Slinger.³¹ Ron Dettmer was the head coach this last season.

The 1961 baseball season finished with an overall record of 4 wins and 6 defeats. It took second place in the conference with 3 victories and 3 losses. This 1961 season was the first time that all conference selections in baseball were noted. The Warhawks produced two that made the first team--first baseman Jerry Schneider, who had a .333 batting average, and pitcher George Knepel.³²

A school record that probably won't ever be broken was set by George Knepel in his last two games. Knepel allowed only two walks as the Warhawks defeated Kewaskum 1-0. In a no hit, no walk fete against Random Lake, Knepel struck out 18 of 21 batters for a 6-0 victory. Knepel has been selected to the Scenic Moraine all conference team and has a 1.625 earned run average.³³

The 1961 track team again dominated the conference as they had the previous two seasons. This year the Warhawks became conference champions by scoring 85½ points in the conference meet at Grafton.³⁴ In the sectional track meet at Whitefish Bay, Conrad Discher qualified for the state meet in the 880 yard run. Discher became the second

³¹News article in the Campus Echo, April 13, 1961, p. 6.

³²News article in the Campus Echo, May 1961, p. 7.

³³News article in The Menomonee Falls News, May 11, 1961.

³⁴Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1962), p. 58.

Warhawk in track to compete in the state meet. He placed fourth in his division.

The 1961 football team remained at the bottom of the conference standings with a 1 win and 6 losses for the season. The only team the Warhawks were able to defeat was Campbellsport in a 21-7 victory.

The 1961-62 basketball team fell below the five hundred mark both for the season with a 9 win, 11 loss record and in conference with a 6 win, 8 loss record. The loss of Dave Knepel at the start of the season due to an injury did not help the Warhawk record.

Dave Knepel celebrated his return to the Warhawk line up by scoring 30 points in a 77-76 defeat against Campbellsport.³⁵

In tournament play the Warhawks came from behind to defeat Wauwatosa 57-53, but were eliminated from tournament play 69-56 by Menomonee Falls who were led by all state Bob Wolfe.

Gary Stinson scored 263 points in conference play. Even though Stinson lost the scoring title by one point to Gary Hamm of Random Lake, he was selected to the all conference first team. Dave Knepel, third in conference scoring, was also selected to the all conference first team.³⁶

³⁵News article in The Menomonee Falls News, February 15, 1962.

³⁶News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 8, 1962.

The 1962 baseball team, considered as a contender for the conference title with six returning lettermen, finished the season with a disappointing 2 win, 5 loss record. Jerry Schneider and Jerry Wagenknecht made the first team all conference.

The 1962 track season saw the Warhawks place fourth in their newly created Warhawk Track Invitational. The only winner for Washington was Jim Skomski in the 440. The Warhawk's three year track reign ended when Pewaukee won the conference title with 78 points to 69 points for the Warhawks.³⁷ Jim Skomski qualified for the Class B state meet. He finished fourth in the 440 yard dash.

The 1962 football season found Harold Goetz at the helm using the Wing T and Slot T formation.³⁸ Despite the new coach, the Warhawks remained in the conference cellar until they defeated Campbellsport 7-0 in the last conference game.

The Warhawks defeated Campbellsport 7-0 to get out of the Scenic Moraine cellar leaving Campbellsport in it alone with a 0-7 record. Jerry Goetz scored on a pass from Pat Caulkett in the second quarter. Caulkett scored the extra point on a plunge off tackle.³⁹

³⁷News article in The Menomonee Falls News, June 7, 1962.

³⁸News article in The Menomonee Falls News, September 6, 1962.

³⁹News article in The Menomonee Falls News, October 18, 1962.

Roger Windorski, who played guard position, was placed on the first team all conference.

The 1962-63 basketball team duplicated their previous season record with 9 wins, 11 losses overall and a 6 win, 8 loss conference record. The Warhawk season was one of both disappointments and excitement. One of the biggest disappointments of the season came in a loss to Grafton.

Germantown lost to Grafton 49-40. In the first quarter the Warhawks hit one for twenty-two attempts from the floor and had a three point quarter.⁴⁰

In tournament play the Warhawks defeated a strong Horicon team 64-53 only to be defeated by Kewaskum 66-64 with three seconds left. This eliminated them from tournament play. Dave Knepel was named to the all conference first team.

Dave Knepel, named to the all conference Scenic Moraine first team, set a conference scoring record with 346 points in 14 games for a 24.3 average. Dave hit 46 per cent from the floor 192-247, and 57 per cent from the free throw line 109-171 for a school record. Knepel also hauled in 179 defensive rebounds and 108 offensive rebounds.⁴¹

The 1963 baseball team had a fine season placing second behind North Fond du Lac in conference standing with a season record of 4 wins and 1 defeat. All conference honors went to Dave Knepel, first baseman; Ray Trabbold,

⁴⁰News article in The Menomonee Falls News, December 20, 1962.

⁴¹News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 7, 1963.

catcher; and Lester Haupt, pitcher.⁴²

The 1963 track season found the Warhawks placing sixth in the Germantown Invitational Track Meet and third in the conference meet. Several outstanding performances resulted in five school records being established. Records were set by John Haydin in the high hurdles, low hurdles, and pole vault. Other records consisted of Jon Paske in the high jump and Dick Tess in the broad jump.⁴³ Two of the Warhawk track men also qualified for the Class B track meet. Dick Tess placed third in the broad jump and Jon Paske placed fifth in the high jump.⁴⁴

The 1963 football team started off strong with two conference wins in a row. However, key injuries and penalties caused the Warhawks to end the season with 2 wins, 5 losses, and 1 tie conference record. Terry Thorin, end, and Roger Windorski, guard, were named to the all conference first team. Bill Baudhuin, Ron Lenz and Don Timpel were placed on the second all conference team.

The 1963-64 basketball season was plagued by inconsistent playing and poor shooting. The Warhawks finished last in the conference with 2 victories and 12 defeats.

⁴²Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1964), p. 78.

⁴³Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1963), p. 79.

⁴⁴Ibid.

In tournament play at Mayville the Warhawks were eliminated by a strong Kewaskum team.

The 1964 baseball team provided the school's first Scenic Moraine baseball championship.⁴⁵ The Warhawks shared the title with Kewaskum. Both teams had won four games and lost one game during the season. Third baseman Ken Stuetzgen and pitchers Gordy Swinehart and Lester Haupt made first team all conference.

The spring track team of 1964 were able to gain only one first place in the conference meet. Roger Windorski took first place honors in the discus. The team placed third in the conference. This year was the first time the team failed to qualify a boy for the state meet.

⁴⁵Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1965), p. 20.

CHAPTER IV

WASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL IN THE SCENIC MORAINNE CONFERENCE

In the spring of 1964 the voters of School District Number 1 voted to change the school district to a K-12 system. As a result, Washington Union High School became Washington High School. Changes were to affect not only the educational system, but also the athletic program. Thus, a new era in athletics had its start.

The 1964 football squad finished the season with a record of 4 wins and 3 losses. This record placed them third in the conference. Dale Zastrow, center, and Dennis Schulteis, tackle, made the all conference first team. Bill Baudhuin, Ken Stuetzgen, Ray Trabbold, Ron Lenz, and Harold Gettleman were selected to the second team.

The 1964-65 basketball season showed an improvement over the previous season's record. The team finished the season by winning 7 games and losing 13.

One of the highlights of the season came when the Warhawks defeated second place Kewaskum 78-74 on a basket by Jim Heili, and two free throws each by Ken Sanders and Gordy Swinehart.⁴⁶

The Warhawks won four out of their last six conference

⁴⁶News article in The Menomonee Falls News, January 14, 1965.

games due to the outstanding performance of Don Youse.

Don Youse, a transfer student from Hamilton, whose name was previously Loertscher, has scored 60 points in three games for the Warhawks. Since joining the team at semester, Youse has led the Warhawks to three straight victories.⁴⁷

The 1965 baseball team was undefeated in conference play until a ruling by the conference forced the Warhawks to share the crown with North Fond du Lac. The Warhawks defeated North Fond du Lac 9-7 in ten innings. The score was tied 7-7 after nine innings. The conference rule states:

All Scenic Moraine Conference varsity baseball games will be terminated at the end of nine innings regardless of the score.⁴⁸

Don Youse and Gordy Swinehart were selected to the first team all conference. Swinehart pitched three shut outs and compiled a 7-3-1 record for the season.⁴⁹

Track produced only a fifth place in the conference meet, but this 1965 team did set several school records. Rich Sommerfeld set a school record both in the 120 yard high hurdles and the 180 yard low hurdles. Larry Caulkett set a record in the 100 yard dash. Ron Whitt, Mike Wiskow, Bob Delvaux and Don Straka, members of the mile relay team,

⁴⁷News article in The Menomonee Falls News, February 11, 1965.

⁴⁸The Scenic Moraine Conference Athletic Bylaw, Section 4, rule 4, p. 6, 1958.

⁴⁹Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1966), p. 71.

also established a new record.⁵⁰

The 1965 football team had a spectacular season with fourteen returning lettermen of which three were all conference players. The Warhawks established a 7 win, 1 tie record to become conference co-champions with Pewaukee. The Pewaukee game was one of the hardest battles of the season which ended in a tie. Defense and hard hitting was the key to the Warhawk season.

Grafton with a fifteen game winning streak, Scenic Moraine conference champions in 1964, and ranked third in the state among small schools was defeated 7-0 by Germantown.⁵¹

All conference first team honors went to Dennis Schulteis, Harold Gettleman, Keith Patzen, Mike Beck, and Larry Caulkett. Second team honors went to Kenneth Stuetzgen and Ev Powell.

Harold Gettleman, junior fullback, has gained 873 yards in 108 carries for a 8.1 yards per carry in eight games. Gettleman has also scored 71 points for the Warhawks.⁵²

The 1965-66 basketball team ended the season with a 6 win, 8 loss record in conference play, placing them in fifth place standing. The defeat of Doug Potter's Owls

⁵⁰Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1966), p. 70.

⁵¹News article in The Menomonee Falls News, September 30, 1965.

⁵²News article in The Menomonee Falls News, November 4, 1965.

from Slinger provided the most excitement of any game all season.

The Warhawks defeated Slinger with two seconds left 81-80. In a game marred by 72 fouls seven players left the game. Dave Duehring entered the game for Slinger with his junior varsity jersey on. It was not listed in the book. Don Youse sank the technical foul shot. Don Youse also set a new school and conference scoring record of 39 points in the Slinger game.⁵³

The Warhawks were defeated in their first WIAA tournament game by Hamilton. Germantown still produced the tournaments two top scorers who were Don Youse and Gordy Swinehart. Don Youse was named to the first all conference team and Gordy Swinehart to the second team.

The 1966 spring season saw golf added as a conference sport. North Fond du Lac, Pewaukee, and Campbellsport did not participate in golf. Coach Bob Wolf's team failed to win a dual meet all season. They finished last in conference play. The Warhawk's Steve Haligas was conference medalist.

The 1966 track squad had an excellent season. The Warhawks placed third in their own invitational meet, second in the conference meet, and second in the newly formed conference relays. For the state meet the Warhawks qualified Jeff Miller in the low hurdles and long jump, Ev Powell in the long jump, and Larry Caulkett in the 100 yard dash.

⁵³News article in The Menomonee Falls News, December 16, 1965.

The mile relay team and the 880 yard relay team also qualified for the state meet. They were rated as second fastest in the state and fastest in the state respectively.⁵⁴

Larry Caulkett placed second in the 100 yard dash at the Class B state meet. Both the mile relay team and the 880 yard relay team came in first. Each relay team established new state records. The Warhawk team placed third in the state meet.⁵⁵

In 1966 conference baseball was played in the summer for the first time for reasons mentioned earlier in the chapter concerned with the independent era. In summer play the 1966 team placed second behind Pewaukee. Don Youse, Ken Stuetzgen and Gordy Swinehart received spots on the all conference first team.

The fall of 1966 saw cross country added as a conference sport for the first time. The Warhawks, under coach Bill Pohland, became the first Scenic Moraine cross country champions by edging out second place Kewaskum.

The 1966 football squad was unable to defend their conference championship. They finished the season with a disappointing season record of three victories and 4 defeats. Phil Carrol, Dennis Keegan, Joel Gierach and Bruce Gengler

⁵⁴News article in the Hawk Talk, May 31, 1966, p. 4.

⁵⁵Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1967), p. 89.

were selected to the all conference team.

Harold Gettleman set a new Scenic Moraine and Warhawk school record with 949 yards rushing in 189 carries and scoring 72 points.⁵⁶ Gettleman did not make the all conference team.

The 1966-67 basketball team again found itself in the conference cellar with a 2 win, 12 loss conference record. The team produced no all conference selections.

The 1966-67 winter sports season was brightened up for the Warhawks with wrestling becoming a conference sport for the first time. In dual meet competition the matmen compiled a 5 win, 1 loss record in conference and a 9 win, 2 loss overall record under head coach Gordon Boeck. The Warhawks took top honors in the first Scenic Moraine conference wrestling meet hosted at Germantown. The Warhawks beat a tough Kewaskum team 127-124 to win the first Scenic Moraine wrestling championship.

Germantown placed eight out of twelve men in the conference meet finals. Of the eight finalists five took first and two took second place. Mark Kauth captured consolation honors at the 180 pound class.

Joe Rinzel (103), Kurt Cramer (112), Randy Holtz (145), Tom Roskopf (138), and Dennis Keegan (165) took first place and were all undefeated in conference. John Hamilton and Bob Goetz placed second.⁵⁷

⁵⁶News article in The Menomonee Falls News, November 13, 1966.

⁵⁷News article in The Menomonee Falls News, January 26, 1967.

In tournament competition Joe Rinzel, Tom Roskopf and Randy Holtz made it to the sectionals, but none qualified for state.

The 1967 golf team, with their new coach Mike O'Connor, did not win a dual match all season. In the conference tournament held at Scenic View in Slinger, Rick Haligas, a freshman, was conference medalist for the Warhawks. The team placed fourth in the conference meet.

The 1967 spring track team participated for the first time in the National Federation High School Track meet at Madison and the Madison West Relays.⁵⁸ The team had a good season placing second in the conference relays, third in the conference meet, and qualifying two relay teams and an individual for the state meet. Both the 880 yard relay team and the mile relay team were represented by Ron Linstedt, Mike Wiskow, John Wenzel, and Mark Bledsoe. Richard Fischer qualified in the low hurdles. The mile relay team placed fifth in the Class B state track meet.⁵⁹

In summer competition the 1967 baseball team captured the Scenic Moraine baseball title. Named to all conference honors were pitcher Phil Carrol, third baseman Bob Beck, catcher Steve Rinzel and second baseman Bruce Gengler.

⁵⁸News article in the Hawk Talk, May 5, 1967, p. 6.

⁵⁹Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1968), p. 44.

Phil Carrol was voted the most valuable player. Bob Beck was voted team captain.⁶⁰

The 1967 cross country team was not outstanding. Coach Bill Pohland's team finished fourth in the conference. A Warhawk did manage to capture the top spot in the conference meet. Mark Bledsoe established a new school and conference record at Scenic View in Slinger. Besides his outstanding performance in conference, Mark Bledsoe placed seventh in the state cross country meet.⁶¹

The lack of depth, size and experience plagued the 1967 fall football team. The Warhawks finished the season with 1 win and 6 losses.

The Warhawks defeated Slinger 25-0. Bruce Gengler scored three times and added an extra point. Ron Linstedt scored once more for the Warhawks.⁶²

Bruce Gengler was named the most valuable player, team captain, and to the all conference team.

The 1967-68 basketball team was at the bottom of the conference standings with Random Lake. This season marked the first time in Jim Justesen's twelve year career as head basketball coach that a team had scored over one hundred points against one of his teams. Slinger defeated the Warhawks

⁶⁰Warhawk (Hannibal, Missouri: 1968), p. 46.

⁶¹Ibid.

⁶²News article in The Menomonee Falls News, October 12, 1967.

101-64. Steve Rinzel was named to the all conference team.

Steve Rinzel, the scoring ace of the Washington Warhawks, finished the season fourth in the Scenic Moraine scoring race with 209 points for a 17.5 average. Steve Rinzel received twelve out of fourteen votes for all conference. He also averaged 18.65 points all season. Rinzel's 664 points in two years moved him to third place in school scoring.⁶³

The 1967-68 wrestling team, with its nine returning letterman, indicated that the Warhawks would be in contention for the conference title for the second consecutive year. However, six athletes were removed from the team and declared ineligible for one year for breaking training rules. The Warhawks as a result placed sixth in the conference meet. Paul Clavette was the only conference champion for the Warhawks. Paul Clavette compiled a 13 win, 2 loss, 1 tie season record and was selected team captain.⁶⁴

The 1968 track team had some outstanding individual performances, but the team as a whole was weak. The Warhawks won only one dual meet all season and placed fourth in the conference meet. In sectional competition three individuals and one relay team qualified for the state meet.

The individual athletes of Bob Hamilton (pole vault), Mark Bledsoe (880), and Ron Linstedt (440) qualified for the state meet. Also notching a state birth was

⁶³News article in The Menomonee Falls News, March 14, 1968.

⁶⁴News article in The Menomonee Falls News, February 1, 1968.

the Warhawks mile relay team of Mark Bledsoe, Ron Linstedt, Mark Merguer, and Gary Vanderpool.⁶⁵

Ron Linstedt placed third in the 440 and the relay team placed fifth at the state meet.

The 1968 golf team managed to tie only one dual meet with Random Lake. They finished the season with 4 defeats and 1 tie. In the conference meet the Warhawks placed third. Rick Haligas was conference medalist for the second consecutive year.

The lack of pitchers plagued the 1968 baseball team. The team finished the season with 5 wins and 5 losses, placing third in conference play. Second baseman Bruce Gengler and catcher Steve Rinzel were selected to the all conference team.

Summary of Sports Highlights

During the period of athletic competition from 1957 to 1968 the Warhawks of Germantown have competed in football, cross country, volleyball, basketball, wrestling, track, golf, and baseball. Through the Warhawk's athletic years many notable teams have been produced.

In the Warhawk's first year of competition in the Scenic Moraine conference in 1959, the football team placed second in conference standing. The 1965 team became

⁶⁵News article in The Menomonee Falls News, May 30, 1968.

co-champions with Pewaukee for the conference football title.

In 1966, which was the first year of cross country competition in the Scenic Moraine conference, the Warhawk's captured first place to win the conference title. In 1967 Mark Bledsoe became the only Scenic Moraine cross country runner to advance to the state meet.

Even though volleyball was a competitive sport for a short period of time, the team placed second in the conference in 1960. The 1961 volleyball season saw the Warhawk team win the conference championship, capture the regional tournament, and advance to the sectionals. Here they were defeated in the first set of competition.

The 1959-60 season was the most notable for the basketball team. The basketball team came closest to a conference title that season by finishing in second place. That same season they became sub-district champions and advanced to the regionals only to be defeated in their first game.

In the first year of wrestling competition in the Scenic Moraine conference, the 1966-67 wrestling team defeated a strong Kewaskum team to win the conference wrestling championship.

In 1959 the track team won for the Warhawks their first Scenic Moraine conference title. This performance

was repeated in 1960 and 1961. The Warhawk's track team has been represented five out of eight years at the state track meet. In 1966 the 880 yard and the mile relay team established new state records.

The golf team has not had too much success in conference competition. However, even though the team has failed to win a championship, it has produced the conference medalist in the 1966, 1967 and 1968 season.

The baseball team has been in contention for the Scenic Moraine title six of the ten years in conference play. In 1961, 1963, and 1966 the team placed second in conference standings. The Warhawks shared the conference title in 1964 with Kewaskum and in 1965 with North Fond du Lac. The most successful team in baseball was the team of 1966. This team placed second in the conference. When the team played independent spring ball they became regional champions, district champions, and lost in the final game of the sectional for a state meet birth. The 1967 season ended with the baseball team solely as conference champions.

There were no notable teams while playing in independent competition in the early years of athletics. In the past ten years of athletic competition in the Scenic Moraine conference the Warhawks have won a total of ten conference championships in football, volleyball, cross country, wrestling, track and baseball. Up until this time the basketball and golf teams have not accomplished this honor.

CHAPTER V

RELATED AREAS OF RESEARCH

This final chapter is an attempt by the researcher to provide an overview of the growth, development and use of the selected areas in this paper from 1957 to 1968. These selected areas of research consist of facilities, equipment, coaches, athletes, administration of the athletic program, and areas related to athletics.

Outdoor Facilities. The original and old high school site consisted of eighteen acres which is adjacent to an area of about ten acres called Fireman's Park. Even though ample space existed in 1957 these original outdoor facilities for athletics were undeveloped and were nothing more than former farm fields.

The first football field was located in Fireman's Park adjacent to the baseball diamond from 1957 to 1959. The old field contained portable goal posts. It was lacking a scoreboard, outside lights, and bleacher facilities for home and visiting teams as well as for the spectators.

The track team had an area just east and behind the school on which they practiced. An area representing a quarter mile oval was graded and leveled. For the first two years in the scenic Moraine conference the Warhawks held

no home track meets. The conference meet for the years 1959 and 1960 were held at Port Washington.

In 1959 the Board of Education approved \$25,000 for a new football field with an underground sprinkler system, a new track, and the grading and seeding of the school's eighteen acres.⁶⁶

The new football field, ready for the 1960 football season, was located northeast of the school. Permanent goal posts were installed at the end of the end zones. At the present time no lights exist on the field. Thus, all home games are played after school or on Saturday afternoons. The football game field does not have a scoreboard clock which makes it difficult for the teams and spectators to tell how much time is left in the quarters. Several attempts have been made by various clubs and organizations to raise money to obtain lights and a scoreboard, but as of yet they have not succeeded.

In 1960 about \$3400 was spent on outside football bleachers for the home fans. The seating capacity is about six hundred people. The placement of these bleachers do present a problem. Since the bleachers face the west and many of the football games do not start until 4 o'clock,

⁶⁶Germantown Board of Education Annual Meeting Minutes, Germantown, Wisconsin, July 20, 1959, p. 1.

it becomes difficult on a sunny day to see the football team in action late in the game. Many spectators as a result come down to the playing area and become a supervision problem by interfering with the team and the chains and down marker. As of now, no future plans exist to fence the spectators from the playing area.

There is not an announcer's box to give a play by play description of the game. Furthermore, the public address system for announcing the games broke in 1966 and has not been replaced.

The scaffolding which is used for filming football games is not a permanent fixture. It has to be brought out to the field for each game from under the stage in the gymnasium. Although it is sturdy, it is very difficult to climb.

The football field is used only for interscholastic football games and for band performances. Even though a lack of fencing does exist around the field, it has always been in excellent condition because of the underground sprinkler system and the good maintenance by Edgar Dhein.

The six physical education fields which are forty by eighty yards double as football practice fields. Ample practice areas have always existed and at present are very adequate for all three football teams.

The cinder track, ready for the 1961 season, surrounds

the football field. This facility consists of a quarter mile oval track with eight lanes and a two hundred twenty yard straight away.⁶⁷ There is ample room for the shot put and discus near the track. In 1966 about \$3700 was spent to grade and resurface the track to keep it at its original state. A fence is needed around the track to prevent cars, motorcycles and horses from riding around the track.

The cross country team has used a combination of school property and park area since 1961. Practices as well as meets were run over this area. In 1966 the first conference meet was held at Germantown. Since then the conference meet has switched to Scenic View Golf Course, Slinger, Wisconsin because it offers a greater challenge.

The area north of the school was used for golf since 1962. This area is spacious enough for practicing drives and iron shots without interfering with either the track or baseball team. Since golf became a conference sport in 1966 this area is used very little by the golf team. Only a few early season practices take place at the high school. All other practices and all home matches take place at Scenic View Golf Course.⁶⁸

In 1966 three sets of portable bleachers were pur-

⁶⁷Ibid.

⁶⁸Interview with Mike O'Connor, April 17, 1969.

chased by the Germantown Recreation Department for \$260 per set.⁶⁹ These were to be used by spectators involved in the summer softball program. The school requested permission to use these bleachers for the visiting spectators in football. These portable bleachers proved so successful that in 1967 the school purchased four such portable sets for approximately the same price to be used for football, track and baseball.

The baseball team has always used the diamond located in Fireman's Park. This area is used rent free as long as the school takes the responsibility of maintaining the area while in its use.

Indoor Facilities. In 1957 when the school was first built the indoor facilities were considered adequate for the athletic program. The gymnasium and locker room complex represented the only such facility in the entire school district.

The gymnasium represented an area of about ninety feet by ninety feet with a stage at the north end. This gymnasium is used for athletic events as well as an auditorium for school and community functions. It is one of two schools in the conference that has a tile floor. The

⁶⁹Interview with Jim Justesen, February 4, 1969.

lighting is considered poor by today's standards. The bleachers on the east and west side of the gymnasium have a seating capacity for about eight hundred people. These bleachers, basketball scoreboard and lockers for the locker room cost the district \$18,528.32 in 1957.⁷⁰ In 1967 the bleachers were refinished due to the wear that had occurred over the years because of their constant use.

There is not a separate team room. The present locker room used by the athletic teams is shared with the physical education classes. The locker room area consists of eighty up right lockers for the athletes plus various individual cube lockers used for physical education. Ventilation is inadequate in this room. Humidity and odor problems are encountered by the students, athletes and coaches.

Adjacent to the inadequate office space which was used by three physical education instructors and the athletic coaches in their season, is a first aid room. Due to the growth of the physical education program this area at present is used strictly as a towel room and physical education storage room. A first aid room no longer exists.

Even with the expansion of the athletic program

⁷⁰Germantown Board of Education Annual Meeting Minutes, Supplement on Construction, Germantown, Wisconsin, July 20, 1959, p. 1.

through the years and the increase in the number of participants, the locker room and drying room has always been adequate except during the football season. These facilities are then inadequate due to the enormous amount of equipment involved with over a hundred of the athletes representing the three football teams. To complicate matters even more during this season, the cross country team also must share the same facilities.

The varsity basketball team has always shared the gymnasium with the junior varsity team. Each team practices on half of the gymnasium floor. The space available to the two teams has been considered ample. However, the tile floor in the gymnasium has always proved a problem to the basketball teams. The tile floor becomes very slippery due to the constant use by the athletes, the physical education classes and the public. The floor does not allow a basketball player to stop as quick or jump as high as he possibly could on a wood floor.

In 1962 Mac Arthur School received an addition to their building of a gymnasium with a tile floor.⁷¹ Since the freshman basketball team was added to the interscholastic program in 1963 it has used this gymnasium. The basketball team was transported to and from the grade school by bus.

⁷¹Interview with Oliver Schulteis, February 4, 1969.

Locker room and shower facilities were available to them. However, they were very small and inadequate for the team. But nevertheless, this allowed the freshman team ample practice space and prevented overcrowding at the high school gymnasium.

A gymnasium with a tile floor was added to County Line Grade School in 1963.⁷² Baskets for basketball did not exist until 1966. In 1967 the newly formed seventh and eighth grade teams practiced in this gymnasium.

In 1962 wrestling was introduced into the athletic program. Since the basketball teams were already using the gymnasium for practices the wrestlers were forced to use the stage for their practices. This space has always been inadequate due to its smallness and lack of ventilation. There are no mats on the walls for protection. The only protection to keep a wrestler from possibly falling off the stage is the warning of the stage curtain. Home matches were held in the gymnasium where enough room and safety features were sufficient. The only problem here existed in the movement of the heavy mats from the practice area to the gymnasium.

When the wrestling program expanded to include a junior varsity team, these wrestlers were forced to use the

⁷²Ibid.

cafeteria. The moving of the tables from the cafeteria to the hall and the mats from the gymnasium and back again cut into practice time. Besides these inconveniences, the ventilation was poor and no safety mats existed on the walls.

The wrestlers do not have a weight room other than a physical education store room which is most inadequate for a weight program.

Since track became an interscholastic sport in 1959 it was in constant conflict with the baseball team for indoor facilities during the early spring practices. Part of the problem was solved when baseball became a summer conference sport in 1966. The tile gymnasium floor has also presented problems to the track team. Due to the tile floor it is impossible to practice jumping and hurdling. In many cases shin splints occur due to running on the hard surface.

The golf team and girls' softball team had very little use of the indoor facilities for early season practices due to the dominance of the gymnasium by the track team.

Since the girls locker facilities are not shared by any other athletic team, these facilities are adequate. The girls interscholastic basketball team's biggest problem in relation to facilities is their use of the gymnasium. Due to the extensive use of the gymnasium after school by the basketball players the girls cannot have practice. Therefore, they have to practice whenever the boys are not

using it, after supper or on Saturdays.

Equipment. Football has never had a serious shortage of equipment even though it has expanded to include three teams. The first fifty football uniforms were purchased for about five thousand dollars in 1957. The following years new equipment was purchased on a yearly basis depending on the number of athletes involved in football. At least ten new sets of equipment, besides replacement items, have been purchased every year to equip all the football teams.

Since 1957 the school provides all the equipment for football practice and game situations except the mouth guard. At present there is enough equipment to outfit about one hundred athletes with game and practice uniforms.

Any new equipment is always presented to the varsity. The older, but still usable jerseys as well as equipment, are passed down the line to the junior varsity and freshman teams. In practice all teams are color coded by jerseys or scrimmage vests.

Not all of the training equipment was purchased at once. In 1957 the team had six large bell shaped blocking dummies. In 1961 a four man blocking sled was purchased at a cost of six hundred ninety-five dollars. In 1964 and 1965 a two man sled for two hundred thirty-five dollars and a hanging dummy for three hundred seventy-five dollars were

purchased respectively.⁷³ At present there are eleven bell shaped blocking dummies and seven small hand dummies.

Even though three teams must share the practice equipment, practice schedules can be arranged to allow ample use of all the equipment.

From 1961 to 1965 the cross country team wore the same uniforms as the track team. In 1966, when cross country became a conference sport, fourteen new uniforms were purchased for the varsity and junior varsity teams.

In 1957 forty basketball uniforms for the varsity and junior varsity teams were purchased for about fifteen hundred dollars. These original uniforms are being used at the present time by the freshman team and are in dire need of replacement. In 1960 the basketball team received new uniforms and warm-up jackets which were passed on to the junior varsity team in 1965. The varsity team received new uniforms and warm-up jackets in 1965. These uniforms are still in good condition, but the odd and even numbers are on the wrong jerseys. This presents a problem at times for the officials. All practice and game equipment is furnished for the athletes. In 1967 the school made available thirty sets of game uniforms to be used by the seventh and eighth grade basketball teams. At present the school has no future plans to purchased

⁷³Interview with Jim Justesen, January 15, 1969.

warm-up jackets for these teams.

One of the biggest pieces of equipment, other than the scoreboard mentioned under indoor facilities, was the basketball rebounder purchased for two hundred ninety dollars in 1965.

In 1962, when wrestling first became a Warhawk sport, the school supplied only game equipment. Each participant furnished his own practice equipment. In 1966 when wrestling became a conference sport, new uniforms, warm-up jackets, and personal practice equipment such as head gear and sweat suits were purchased by the school for both the varsity and junior varsity teams. At present all equipment is furnished except for shoes. Enough wrestling equipment exists to outfit about sixty boys.

Before 1966 the wrestlers used a twenty-six by twenty-six mat cover over small individual tumbling mats pushed together. This is presently used for practice by the junior varsity team. In 1966 the school purchased a twenty-four by twenty-four wrestling mat for approximately thirteen hundred dollars. This mat is used for varsity practices as well as scheduled meets.

The wrestlers biggest problem in equipment is the lack of weights available to them. Although two sets do exist, there are not enough to serve the number out for wrestling. Furthermore, these weights are not very accessible since

they are stored in the physical education equipment room.

In 1957 the school purchased sixteen new baseball uniforms at an approximate cost of seven hundred fifty dollars. Although these uniforms have never been replaced, new uniforms are planned for the 1969 season. In 1960 the school purchased sixteen uniforms for the newly formed junior varsity baseball team. All equipment is furnished for the athletes except their gloves and shoes.

The original track team of 1959 had twenty-five uniforms costing about six hundred dollars. In 1964 the varsity team received its second set of uniforms and warm-ups. When the junior varsity team was formed in 1965 they used the original track uniforms.

The amount of track equipment increased over the years. In 1957 the track team had one set of economy hurdles purchased for approximately thirteen dollars. At present eight sets of hurdles exist for the team with three sets purchased in 1960, two sets in 1961, one set in 1962, and two sets in 1966. Even though the facilities were poor until 1960, other track equipment such as standards, pole vault poles, shot puts, discuses, cross bars and other equipment items have been ample.

The girls practice both basketball and softball in their own equipment. The girls basketball team uses their physical education uniform and a numbered tie-on vest for

games. The girls softball team has no set uniform, except they may not wear spikes. At present there are no future plans for purchasing uniforms for either team.

In the area of medical supplies related to the total athletic program enough has always existed. The cost has increased from about one hundred seventy-five dollars in 1957 to approximately four hundred fifty dollars in 1967. In 1966 the school purchased a whirlpool at a cost of about six hundred dollars. This is used by the athletes in all sports.

The Coaches. In 1957 Jim Justesen represented the head coach in football, basketball, volleyball and baseball. At that time these were the only sports offered in the interscholastic athletic program. He had two assistant coaches to help him--one in football and one in basketball. Mr. Justesen also had the title of athletic director which he still holds today.

One of the main problems related to coaching has been that a male teacher is placed in a coaching position because of a necessity to fill that position. Usually he has had either very little experience or none at all in coaching that sport.

Any number of coaches may scout, but only one is allowed mileage. Thus, rather than two coaches going to

two or three different games, they usually go to one game and try to scout two teams at once.

When football first started the only knowledge the players had of football fundamentals came from the physical education classes in the high school. There was no program below the varsity level. Since the addition of the junior varsity and freshman teams the program has improved. However, the teams are still fundamentally weak due to a lack of program below the high school level.

Only one coaching position exists in cross country. Since a junior varsity team does exist to encourage boys to come out as freshman and sophomores another coach should be added.⁷⁴

In 1962 wrestling was started with only one coach handling about thirty boys. With the addition of a junior varsity team in 1960 another wrestling coach was engaged. Since then a freshman team has been added, but no additional coach. There are approximately sixty boys representing the three teams. The coaches must face the facility problems outlined earlier in this chapter.

Basketball has been faced with the problem of lack of experience and fundamentals below the junior varsity level. In 1962 a freshman team was organized, but still

⁷⁴Interview with Bill Pohland, February 7, 1969.

the lack of program in the elementary and middle school hurted the total program. In 1965 an intramural program was set up in basketball at the fifth through eighth grade level. In 1967 two new basketball coaching positions were created-- one for the seventh grade and another for the eighth grade.

In 1959 track had two coaches for the varsity team. In 1965 another coach joined the staff to help with the junior varsity team. In 1967 a fourth coach was added. This placed two coaches at the varsity level and two coaches with the junior varsity and freshman team. The present coaching staff feels that the number of coaches in track is sufficient at the present time.⁷⁵

Since only a small number of athletes participate in golf, one golf coach is adequate for the present coaching situation.

Many of the baseball problems, such as weather and rescheduling, have been eliminated due to the summer baseball program. In 1957 one coach existed in varsity baseball. With the addition of a junior varsity team another coach was selected. The coaching staff seems to be adequate until a possible freshman team is added. Most of the pre-high school experience is provided by the Germantown Summer Recreational Program. This program provides a large amount of instruc-

⁷⁵Ibid.

tion and experience opportunities for boys starting at the age of seven.⁷⁶

In girls basketball and softball the ratios were about fifteen to one. Since each sport had only one team the coaching ratio seemed reasonable. One of the coaching problems was the lack of fundamentals and experience. Also finding adequate time for facility usage was another problem which was mentioned earlier in this chapter.

At present there are twenty-one male coaching positions: six in football, five in basketball, four in track, two in wrestling, two in baseball, one in golf and one in cross country. There are two female coaching positions existing--one in basketball and one in softball.

Coaching pay was nonexistent from 1957 to 1960. During this time Jim Justesen coached all major sports and served as athletic director for no extra compensation.

In 1960 the board of education adopted a two to one pay scale for coaches. It consisted of two parts. One part indicated that a coach must serve in two sports, but as a head coach in only one area. The second part of the proposal provided two hundred dollars for head coaches and one hundred dollars for all assistant coaches. The athletic director also received two hundred dollars at this time.⁷⁷

⁷⁶Interview with Davis Hohn, March 10, 1969.

⁷⁷Interview with Paul Doering, January 23, 1969.

In 1964 the coaches salaries were evaluated on the basis of responsibility, length of season, and total number of participants. At this time a new scale was set up to include varsity coach, assistant varsity coach, head junior varsity coach, assistant junior varsity coach, head freshman coach, and assistant freshman coach.

In 1966 major sport and minor sport areas were set up by the administration to help evaluate compensation in athletics. The major sports were football, basketball, baseball and track. The minor sports consisted of golf, cross country and wrestling. In 1967 baseball was replaced by wrestling as a major sport because of its short season and number of participants. At this time all head coaches in major sports areas received five hundred dollars. All head coaches in the minor sports areas received three hundred dollars.

No extra compensation is available to any coach for early football practices or vacation practices in basketball and track.

In taking all things into consideration the athletic pay for coaches has failed to keep up with most of the other conference schools.

The Athlete. As the years went by the athlete had a wider choice of sports to participate in and could do so

at an earlier time. The interscholastic sports program in 1957 consisted of football, basketball, volleyball and baseball. Even though volleyball was dropped from the program, the addition of wrestling, track, cross country and golf has increased the varsity program to seven sports in 1968.

In 1957 football, volleyball, and baseball competed only at the varsity level. Both football and baseball added junior varsity teams in 1960. Football had begun to compete at the freshman level in 1961. Basketball competed on the varsity and junior varsity level from 1957 to 1963 when freshman basketball was added to the athletic program. Wrestling competed only on the varsity level until 1966 when a junior varsity team was formed. A freshman wrestling team was started in 1967. Only varsity competition existed in track until 1965 when the conference established a junior varsity track schedule. From 1961 to 1965 cross country competed independently on the varsity level. Once the conference adopted the sport in 1966 a junior varsity team was set up. The golf team competes only as a varsity team. The girls' softball and basketball team competed at what is considered the varsity level on a nonconference basis.

About eighty-five per cent of the boys in school participated in athletics in 1957, as compared to about sixty per cent of the students in 1968. Even though the per

cent is lower the numbers involved have increased. This is due to the expansion of the athletic program and the addition of junior varsity teams, freshman teams and girls competition in some areas. The school enrollment has increased from one hundred sixty-five students in 1957 to seven hundred fifty students in 1968.

Academic eligibility is the first requirement an athlete must meet to be able to participate. An athlete must be passing four out of five or five out of six subjects to be eligible. In addition an athlete must abide by the training rules set forth by the athletic council and any additional rules the head coach may set up.

All athletes must pay for their own physical, but the board of education pays all insurance cost for the WIAA regardless of the sport. The only thing a boy must provide in football is his mouth guard. In wrestling and baseball an athlete must furnish his own shoes. Baseball also requires an athlete to furnish his own glove. In golf an athlete must have his own bag and clubs. Golf balls are furnished by the school for practices and a new ball is provided for each match. In basketball, track and cross country an athlete is furnished with all of his equipment. All the equipment is furnished for the girls except for shoes in basketball and shoes and gloves in softball.

Athletes are expected to be at all practices unless

an absence is excused by the coach. These practices have always started at four o'clock and ended at five forty-five. Over ninety-five per cent of the athletes ride the late bus home. Those who do not ride the bus either walk or drive their own car home. In many cases the athletes do not get home before six thirty or seven o'clock.⁷⁸ Preseason, Saturday and vacation practices are at the discretion of the coach.

Administration of the Athletic Program. Each head coach estimates the total cost to run his program for the following season. This individual estimate is examined by the athletic director. When all estimates are in from the head coaches they proceed to the high school principal, the superintendent, and finally the total estimate is presented to the Board of Education for approval. Each sport is given an account number, but the running balance is kept only on the total amount left. At the end of the year the board of education has always written off any deficit that may have existed. This enables the athletic program to start even the next year.⁷⁹ However, if there is any surplus money left it is not credited towards the next year's program, but it is used at the Board of Education's discretion.

⁷⁸Interview with Jim Justesen, February 22, 1969.

⁷⁹Interview with Oliver Schulteis, February 4, 1969.

Besides the rules and regulations of the WIAA that govern state athletics, the administration, the athletic director and coaches set up local rules in 1957 governing the athlete and athletic program. Since then these rules have been revised as the need arose. In 1958 conference laws were established by the administrators and athletic directors.

As the Warhawk athletic program expanded an athletic board was set up in 1963 to act as the local governing body over athletics. This board, headed by the athletic director, consists of the high school principal and all members of the coaching staff. The only members having voting power are the head coaches, the high school principal and the athletic director. This group meets once a month to discuss problems which are currently affecting the athletic program or might do so in the near future. This athletic board has the power to interpret and enforce the local rules governing athletics that have been approved by the board of education.

Since 1957 most athletic teams have been transported by bus to all away athletic contests. However, due to the small number involved in golf and cross country, the school mini-bus is used for transportation of these teams. The average cost per bus has increased from twelve dollars and fifty cents plus mileage in 1957 to twenty-five dollars per trip while in the Scenic Moraine conference. In 1957 the

annual budget allotted one thousand dollars for extra curricular trips with ninety-five per cent designated for athletics.⁸⁰ The 1967-68 budget set aside eight thousand dollars for extra curricular trips with seventy-five per cent designated for athletics.⁸¹

Since 1957 the cost of transportation to the student supporter has remained constant for away athletic events. The student supporter is charged a flat rate of twenty-five cents per trip regardless of the mileage. The student must sign up for the trip in advance. No trip is permitted until at least forty-five students have signed up.

Late bus transportation after practice has always been provided for all sports every night a practice is held regardless of the number involved or the season. During any preseason or vacation practices the athletes must provide their own transportation.

Areas Related to Athletics. The high school physical education department, under Jim Justesen, has expanded from two instructors in 1957 to six instructors in 1968. The program has increased from a three day a week program to a five day a week program. The high school program includes

⁸⁰Germantown Board of Education Annual Meeting Minutes, July 23, 1957, p. 3.

⁸¹Germantown Board of Education Annual Meeting Minutes, July 24, 1967, p. 2.

instructional units in all sports of the athletic program. All boy and girl athletes participate in physical education daily. They are only excused from participation on the day of an athletic contest.

It was not until 1964 with the establishment of the K-12 school system that an organized physical education program existed in the elementary schools. At this time two full time physical education instructors were hired for the eight elementary schools. Since then another instructor has been added to the staff. The elementary program is still handicapped by the lack of equipment, facilities and an inadequate number of instructors in physical education. Even though the total effect of the program can not yet be evaluated, there is evidence of some improvement in skill performance and knowledge of the incoming high school students due to their exposure to the basic fundamentals at an earlier school age.

In 1964 at the request of the board of education and the administration funds were made available to set up an intramural program during the winter months. Charles Hudson assumed the responsibility of setting up an intramural basketball program for high school boys. Due to the student and facility availability this program was set up on an evening basis twice a week.

In 1965 an intramural program was set up at the

elementary level in basketball involving the fourth through the eighth grade boys.

In 1968 plans were established to put into effect an expanded intramural program at the seventh and eighth grade level. This program would include touch football, softball and track for the 1968-69 school year.

An awards system was created in 1957 for athletics by the administration, coaches and the athletic director.⁸² The policy consisted of no awards on the freshman and junior varsity level for two reasons. First, an athletic program at the freshman and junior varsity level did not exist except for a junior varsity team in basketball. Secondly, the cost factor had to be taken into consideration. At this early stage of the athletic program other parts of the program were given priority.

Once an athlete received a major award in a sport which consists of a school letter, his second award would consist of a certificate and a gold symbol of that sport. A third major award in the same sport provides a trophy for the athlete. If an athlete becomes a four year letter winner in the same sport, his fourth award consists of a certificate and a blanket with a "W" emblem. An athlete may receive one major "W" letter per sport in his athletic

⁸²Interview with Jim Justesen, February 21, 1969.

career.

When the athletic program had a good start and as the junior varsity and freshman phases of the athletic program developed awards were presented to the athletes of these teams.

The system by which an award is given is set up and let to the discretion of the individual coaches. One of the problems within the system is the inconsistency of the type of award given at the lower level of competition.

After the season is over, the members of the team select their team captain by a secret ballot. This athlete's name is engraved on a plaque purchased by the athletic department. Each sport has its own plaque. The most valuable player is chosen in the same way, but no plaque exists for this honor.

The annual football banquet held in the nineteen fifties and early nineteen sixties was sponsored in the fall by the Germantown Rotary Club. When the banquet expanded to include all three football teams in addition to the cross country and baseball teams, the athletic department assumed the responsibility of this banquet. It is at this banquet that the awards are presented to the teams. For the first time the team captain and most valuable player are made known. When the athlete receives his award only his name and position are mentioned, unless he is team captain, most

valuable player, or selected to the all conference team.

In the spring of the year the school provides an awards day assembly. At this time the basketball players, wrestlers, track men and golfers receive their awards. The cheerleaders also receive recognition. However, at the present time no award system has been set up for the girls' interscholastic sports. This awards day program was originally set up to honor only the athletic teams. Unfortunately, the program has expanded so much that it now includes many other awards not related to the athletic program.

The school provides the basketball teams a chance to see one of the area college basketball games. In March the varsity players are taken to the WIAA state basketball tournament in Madison. The wrestlers are permitted to attend the state WIAA wrestling meet. In the summer a few wrestlers are taken to the wrestling clinic in Madison. The track team is provided with the opportunity to attend the WIAA state track meet.

The letterman's club was established after the first football season. All major letter winners automatically become members. In the beginning the club was very active and sponsored the homecoming activities and various pep sessions. In 1964 the letterman's club purchased a two hundred dollar movie projector and in 1965 a fifty dollar tape recorder. This money was made available through

various dances and car washes. At the present time the club sells refreshments at football and basketball games. Through the years the club has grown in size, but has declined as an organization. The club's problems stem from lack of leadership within the club itself as well as having a coach for an advisor. It is unfortunate that during the coach's busy sports season he is unable to give the club much attention. The club is very inactive at the present time. The meetings are held irregularly.

A pep club was formed in 1960 to help boost school spirit. The pep club has control of the pep sessions, places signs throughout the school to promote school spirit and recognition to the athletes, and sponsors the traditional homecoming activities which include a bonfire, parade and the dance in the evening after the game.⁸³ The pep club is in charge of parent's night during the basketball season when all parents of the freshman, junior varsity and varsity athletes are introduced as well as all the cheerleaders' parents. Basketball half-time entertainment is also organized by this group.

Although the pep club organizes most of the homecoming festivities, the student council sponsors the homecoming float contest. The student council members are also respon-

⁸³Interview with Mrs. Sally Quinn, May 5, 1969.

sible for selling and collecting tickets at all home athletic contests.

The student activity ticket policy which has existed since 1957, charges the student a fixed fee for the ticket. This ticket is purchased on a voluntary basis in the fall of the year. The activity ticket allows the student admittance to all home athletic events.

From 1957 to 1966 the cheerleaders were selected by the total student body. Even though selection was considered a popularity contest, it did seem to promote school spirit. In 1966 the selection method was changed in an attempt to pick girls on ability rather than on popularity alone. All class officers, student council members, and various staff members selected by the cheerleading advisor rate the girls in various areas as they try out. The eight girls receiving the most points become the varsity cheerleaders.

Up until 1966 the only sports cheerleaders were active in were football and basketball. Due to the popularity of wrestling when it became a conference sport, cheerleaders were requested at all meets. Separate cheerleaders for wrestling were selected using the later procedure method because of the already busy schedule of the regular cheerleaders.⁸⁴

⁸⁴Interview with Miss Mary Grunwald, April 10, 1969.

The band failed to march or play at any home football or basketball game the first five years. Since then the band has performed at homecoming games, but usually leaves after its half-time performance. A pep band was created in 1964 through the interest and self leadership of the students themselves. This band performs through half time at all home basketball games. The pep band has increased in number and improved its performance despite the fact that it is difficult to get all the members together for practice.

The school newspaper was originally The Wash Line, then the Campus Echo and at present exists as the Hawk Tawk. The school newspaper seemed to draw the students together and was a means of identification with the school and others within it.⁸⁵ Between 1964 and 1966 the athletic news became very popular with the students. However, since that time the sports news and other features were not published regularly. Consequently, the athletic news was weeks behind and no longer of interest.

⁸⁵Interview with Bernard Wenninger, March 6, 1969.

RECOMMENDATIONS

This researcher would like to make the following recommendations with reference to interscholastic athletics in Germantown, Wisconsin.

1. That the administration consider the possibility and feasibility of extending the authority and responsibilities of the athletic director beyond the high school level to include the middle school.
2. That at the end of each athletic season the head coach provide the athletic director with information that would enable accurate and up to date athletic records to be kept.
3. That the future withdrawal of Campbellsport, Random Lake, Kewaskum and North Fond du Lac from the Scenic Moraine Conference be evaluated by the administration. Some long range plans should also be formulated regarding WIAA athletic conference changes in southeastern Wisconsin.
4. That long range plans be considered by the administration and athletic department in regard to the future expansion of the boys interscholastic athletic program to include swimming, gymnastics and tennis.
5. That equipment, facilities, staff and time be evaluated for the girls interscholastic program and its possible expansion in the future.
6. That the administration become more sensitive to the present needs of the coaching staff, provide more qualified coaches, and evaluate the present compensation for coaching to bring it to a level comparable to other schools in the area.
7. That an athletic budget be established in athletics. The possibility of providing an equipment manager should also be considered.
8. That the present athletic awards system be re-evaluated by the athletic council to provide consistency in presenting awards at the junior varsity and freshman level of competition.

9. That an awards program be established in the fall, winter and spring for the presentation of the athletic awards at the end of the respective sports season.
 10. That the athletic council consider control of the letterman's club and provide some long range goals for the club to accomplish.
-

BIBLIOGRAPHY

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

NEWSPAPERS

Campus Echo, May 16, 1958; April 1960; April 13, 1961;
May 1961.

Hawk Talk, May 31, 1966; December 20, 1967; May 5, 1967;
June 7, 1967.

The Menomonee Falls News, August 29, 1957; January 31, 1958;
April 3, 1958; June 5, 1958; May 8, 1958; September
4, 1958; March 6, 1958; November 27, 1958; May 28,
1959; March 3, 1960; March 24, 1960; October 27, 1960;
January 12, 1961; March 2, 1961; May 11, 1961; February
15, 1962; March 8, 1962; June 7, 1962; September 6,
1962; October 18, 1962; December 20, 1962; March 7,
1963; December 3, 1964; January 14, 1965; February 11,
1965; September 30, 1965; November 4, 1965; December
16, 1965; November 13, 1966; January 26, 1967; October
12, 1967; March 14, 1968; February 1, 1968; May 30,
1968.

The Wash Line, October 4, 1957.

UNPUBLISHED MATERIALS

Fischer, Hector. "A History of Track and Field at Wisconsin State University, La Crosse." Unpublished Seminar Paper, La Crosse State University, 1968.

Marshall, Thomas. "The Development of Football at Wisconsin State University, La Crosse." Unpublished Seminar Paper, La Crosse State University, 1967.

Mason, David E. "A Brief History of Boys Physical Education and Interscholastic Athletics at Kimberly High School." Unpublished Seminar Paper, La Crosse State University, 1964.

Mettlach, Richard J. "A History of High School Interscholastic Athletics at Crystal Falls, Michigan." Unpublished Seminar Paper, La Crosse State University, 1961.

Wuebben, William. "A Historical Study of Interscholastic Athletics in Kewaskum, Wisconsin." Unpublished Seminar Paper, La Crosse State University, 1968.

YEARBOOKS

Warhawk, Hannibal, Missouri: 1958, 1959, 1960, 1962, 1963, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A

INTERVIEW INSTRUMENT

Date: _____

Interviewee: _____

Period of Discussion: _____

I. Sports

- A. What sports existed?
- B. Were any sports added?
- C. Were any sports dropped?
- D. What were some of the outstanding teams?
- E. What were the records of the teams?

II. The Facilities

- A. What facilities were provided for each sport?
- B. What new equipment was introduced?
- C. What problems existed in relationship to the available facilities?
- D. How were the facilities for athletics maintained?
- E. How was equipment issued?

III. The Coaches

- A. Were there any special qualifications for hiring coaches?
- B. Who were the coaches?
- C. What problems existed in coaching?

- D. How many coaches existed for each sport?
- E. What was the pay for coaching?

IV. The Athletes

- A. What were some of the athletic policies concerning the athlete?
- B. At what time were practices held and for how long?
- C. Were the athletes excused from regular physical education classes?
- D. Who were some of the outstanding athletes and their accomplishments?
- E. Were there any unusual events that might have determined an athletic contest?

V. Administration of the Athletic Program

- A. How was the athletic program controlled on the local level?
- B. What was the total and separate cost by sports of the athletic program?
- C. Through what means was the cost of the athletic program supplemented?
- D. What was the cost of the athletic program to the athlete?
- E. How did the students get home from the athletic practices?
- F. How were the athletes transported to the away games?

VI. Activities Related to Athletics

- A. What kind of grade school athletic program existed?

- B. What kind of athletic awards were given to the letter winners?
- C. What was the procedure for awarding athletic awards?
- D. What kind of athletic banquets were held?
- E. What kind of activities existed to promote school spirit?
- F. What kind of athletic letter club existed for the varsity letter winners?
- G. How did the fans get to the athletic contests?

APPENDIX C

ATHLETIC RECORDS

Year	FOOTBALL			BASKETBALL		BASEBALL		
	Wins	Defeats	Ties	Wins	Defeats	Wins	Defeats	Ties
1957-58	0	6	-	2	15	3	5	-
1958-59	2	5	-	5	13	5	4	-
1959-60	3	2	-	15	7	3	7	-
1960-61	2	5	-	6	14	4	6	-
1961-62	1	6	-	9	11	2	5	-
1962-63	1	6	-	9	11	4	3	-
1963-64	2	5	-	3	15	6	5*	-
1964-65	4	3	-	7	13	7	3*	1
1965-66	7	0	1*	6	14	15	7	1
1966-67	3	4	-	2	17	10	2*	-
1967-68	1	6	-	4	16	5	7	-

Year	GIRLS' BASKETBALL		GIRLS' SOFTBALL	
	Wins	Defeats	Wins	Defeats
1966-67	0	4	2	2
1967-68	0	4	1	3

Year	VOLLEYBALL		TRACK		CROSS COUNTRY	
	Wins	Defeats	Wins	Defeats	Wins	Defeats
1957-58	4	5				
1958-59	10	2	3	2*		
1959-60	10	1*	5	3*		
1960-61	4	6	6	2*		
1961-62			3	3	1	5
1962-63			2	4	3	4
1963-64			1	5	3	5
1964-65			2	4	2	6
1965-66			3	4	3	3
1966-67			3	3	4	2*
1967-68			2	3	4	4

Year	GOLF			WRESTLING		
	Wins	Defeats	Ties	Wins	Defeats	Ties
1962-63				0	7	-
1963-64				0	9	-
1964-65				1	9	-
1965-66	0	5	-	9	3	-
1966-67	0	5	-	12	2*	-
1967-68	0	4	1	2	8	1

*Denotes Scenic Moraine Conference Champions

The following records have been collected to the best of the researcher's ability.

APPENDIX D

GERMANTOWN TRACK RECORDS (1959-1968)

Event	Time-Distance	Year	Athlete
100 yd. dash	10.35 sec.	1966	Larry Caulkett
220 yd. dash	22.7 sec.	1968	Ron Linstedt
440 yd. dash	50.6 sec.	1968	Ron Linstedt
880 yd. dash	2:00.2 min.	1968	Mark Bledsoe
Mile Run	4:44.9 min.	1968	Mark Bledsoe
120 yd. highs	15.6 sec.	1967	Rick Fischer
180 yd. lows	20.4 sec.	1966 1967	Jeff Mueller Rick Fischer
880 yd. relays (State record)	1:32.1 min.	1966	Ev Powell Ken Sanders Ron Whitt Mike Wiskow
Medley relay	3:46.2 min.	1961	Jerry Goetz Ron Haughn Gary Pritchard Jim Skomski
Mile relay (State Record)	3.27.5 min.	1966	Ken Bublitz Ken Sanders Ron Whitt Mike Wiskow
Discus	137'	1961	Jim Barnekow
High Jump	5'10"	1963	Jon Paske
Long Jump	21'7"	1963 1966	Dick Tess Ev Powell
Pole Vault	12'	1968	Bob Hamilton
Shot Put	47'3½"	1967	Harry Gettleman

APPENDIX E

GERMANTOWN ALL CONFERENCE SELECTIONS

	FOOTBALL		BASKETBALL
		1958-59	Dick Strack Sam Schwartz*
1959	No selections	1959-60	Dick Strack
1960	Jerry Olson Randy Flemming	1960-61	George Knepel
1961	No selections	1961-62	Dave Knepel Gary Stinson
1962	Roger Windorski	1962-63	Dave Knepel
1963	Terry Thorin Roger Windorski Bill Baudhuin* Ron Lenz* Don Timpel*	1963-64	No selections
1964	Dennis Schulteis Dale Zastrow Bill Baudhuin* Harry Gettleman* Ron Lenz* Ray Trabbold*	1964-65	No selections
1965	Mike Beck Larry Caulkett Harry Gettleman Keith Patzen Dennis Schulteis Evert Powell* Ken Stuetttgen*	1965-66	Donald Youse Gordon Swinehart*
1966	Phil Carrol Bruce Gengler Joel Gierach Dennis Keegan	1966-67	No selections
1967	Bruce Gengler	1967-68	Steve Rinzel

BASEBALL

- 1959 No selections were made by the conference.
- 1960 No selections were made by the conference.
- 1961 George Knepel
Jerry Schneider
- 1962 Jerry Schneider
Jerry Wagenknecht
- 1963 Lester Haupt
Dave Knepel
Ray Trabbold
- 1964 Lester Haupt
Kenneth Stuetzgen
Gordon Swinehart
- 1965 Gordon Swinehart
Don Youse
- 1966 Kenneth Stuetzgen
Gordon Swinehart
Don Youse
- 1967 Bob Beck
Phil Carrol
Bruce Gengler
Steve Rinzel
- 1968 Bruce Gengler
Steve Rinzel.

*Denotes second team all Scenic Moraine Conference.

Volleyball, cross country, wrestling, track and golf do not have all conference selections made by the conference coaches.

This list has been collected to the best of the researcher's ability.

APPENDIX F

ATHLETIC COACHES

FOOTBALL		VOLLEYBALL	
James Justesen	1957-1959	James Justesen	1958-1959
Paul Doering	1960-1961	Robert Koerner	1960
Harold Goetz	1962-1968	Ronald Dettmer	1961
CROSS COUNTRY		BASKETBALL	
William Pohland	1961-1968	James Justesen	1957-1968
WRESTLING		GOLF	
Harold Goetz	1961-1965	Joseph Harlow	1963-1965
Ronald Erickson	1965-1966	Robert Wolf	1966-1967
Gordon Boeck	1966-1968	Michael O'Connor	1968
TRACK		BASEBALL	
William Pohland	1959-1968	James Justesen	1958-1959
		Davis Hohn	1960-1968
GIRLS' BASKETBALL		GIRLS' SOFTBALL	
Linda Nelson	1966-1968	Linda Nelson	1967-1968

This list of athletic coaches in Germantown, Wisconsin has been collected to the best of the researcher's ability.