

ERRATA

Erratum: "Constant pressure hybrid Molecular Dynamics–Monte Carlo simulations" [J. Chem. Phys. 116, 55 (2002)]Roland Faller^{a)} and Juan J. de Pablo*Department of Chemical Engineering, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Madison, Wisconsin 53706*

[DOI: 10.1063/1.1609976]

In the original paper the description of the reversible weak coupling algorithm had two deficiencies which lead to a slight violation of detailed balance if the algorithm is implemented as described. A correct description is given below.

In order to preserve time-reversal symmetry only $n-1$ scaling moves should be performed between n molecular dynamics steps. The constant pressure MD can be disassembled into a rescaling move and a NVT MD time step. A hybrid move now starts with a NVT MD step, followed by $n-1$ rescaling and NVT MD pairs. This point was omitted in the original paper.

There was a misprint in the actual rescaling formula [Eq. (9)] which should read

$$V_n = V_o \left(1 + \tau_p^{-1} \Delta t \frac{p - p^*}{p^*} \right), \quad (9)$$

where p^* is the target pressure, p is the measured pressure, and V_n and V_o are the new and old volumes, respectively. The additional 1 was missing in the original paper.

In order to ensure reversibility the range from which target pressures p^* are drawn must be sufficiently large. This stems from the fact that if the forward and backward scaling moves are performed according to Eq. (9), the resulting pres-

sure (at V_n) cannot in general be predicted from the pressure at V_o ; the range on p^* ensures that the corresponding scaling factor for the reverse move can be obtained.

In certain cases where the relationship between the pressure of the system in volume V_o and volume V_n can be calculated analytically, e.g., if the compressibility is constant or analytically known, an analytical correction for the backward pressure can be implemented and selection from a range is not required. Note, however, that in this case the target pressures for forward and backward moves would be different.

The simulations in the original contribution used a sufficiently large pressure range, and the discussion and consequences of the paper remain unchanged.

We are very grateful to Tushar S. Jain for helpful discussions and his assistance in the reexamination of the algorithm.

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